

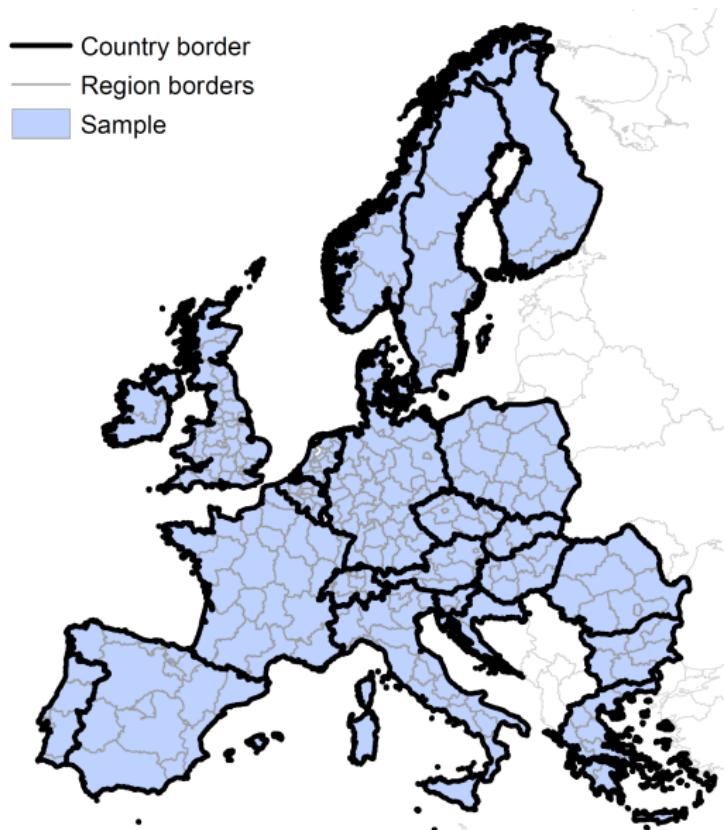
# Sharing A Government

([https://crei.cat/wp-content/uploads/2020/02/SHG\\_pub-1.pdf](https://crei.cat/wp-content/uploads/2020/02/SHG_pub-1.pdf))

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Bojos per l'Economia! 2025

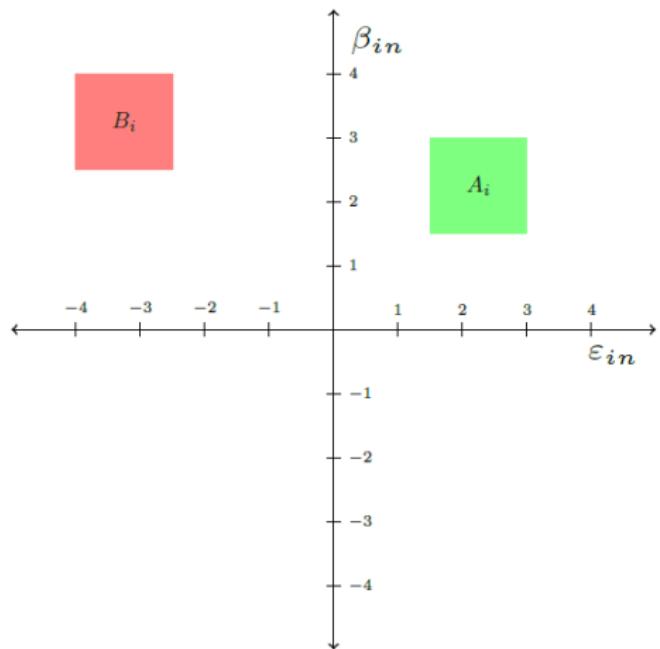
# European regions



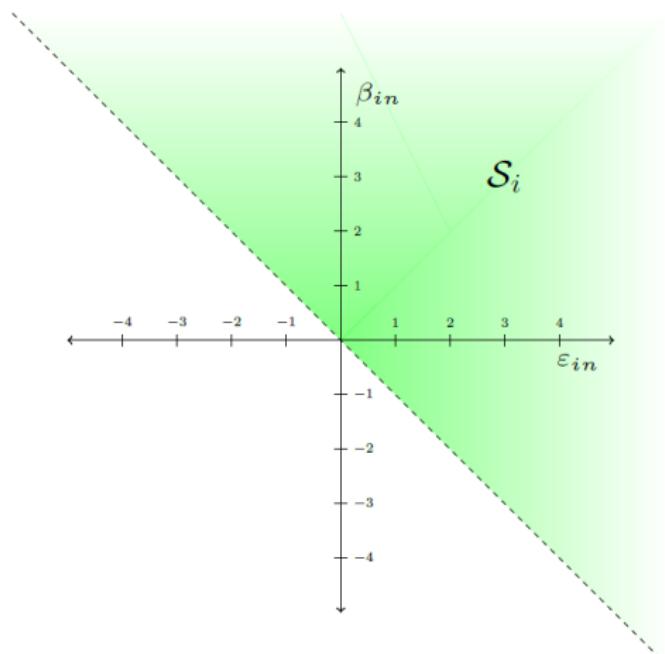
# The classic assignment problem

- Many regions, each with its own government, share a union government:
- There are many political projects to decide:
  - ▶ Building a new infrastructure, changing public health or pensions coverage, enacting new laws that regulate the banking industry, imposing restrictions on school curriculae, ...
- Projects generate local benefits and externalities
- Designing a fiscal constitution:
  - ▶ What level of government (parliament) should decide these projects?

# The project space

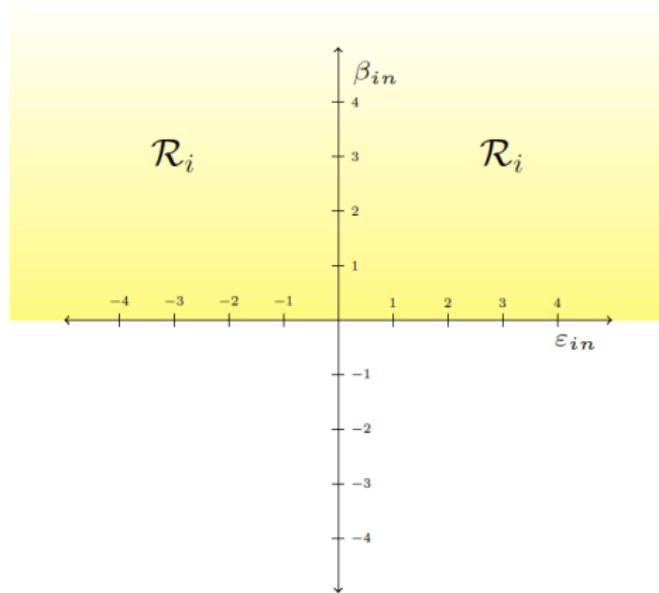


# Economic efficiency



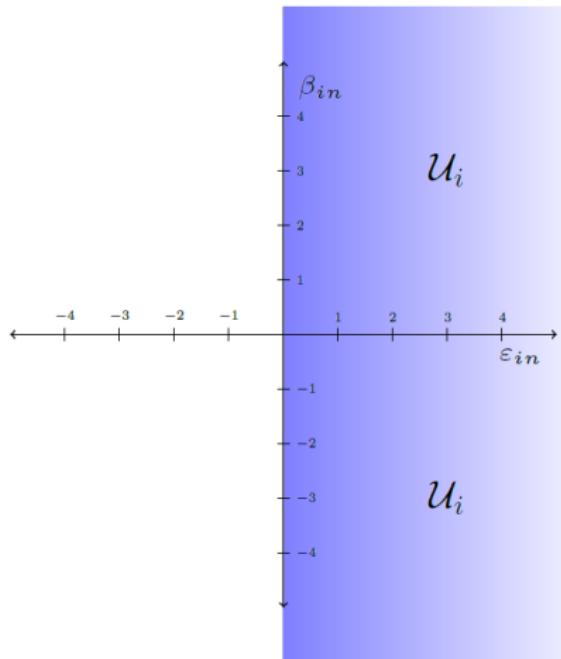
$$\mathcal{S}_i = \{(\beta_{in}, \varepsilon_{in}) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : \beta_{in} + \varepsilon_{in} \geq 0\}$$

# Decisions in regional parliaments



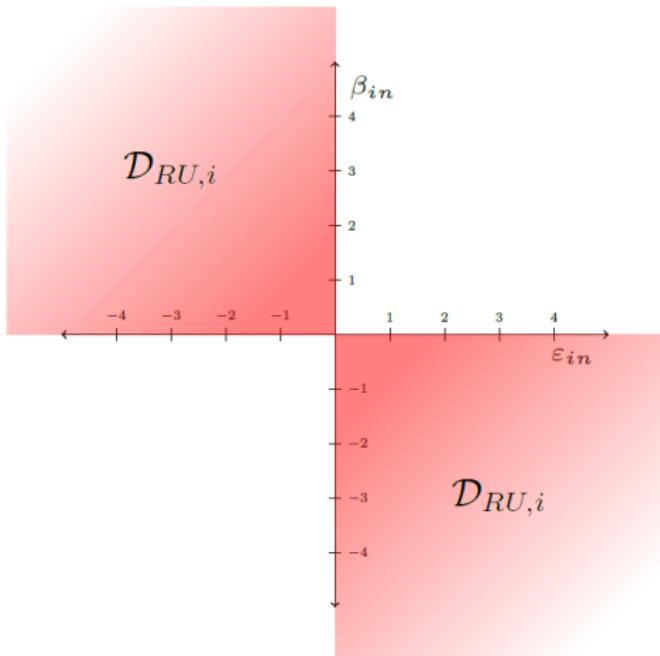
$$\mathcal{R}_i = \{(\beta_{in}, \varepsilon_{in}) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : \beta_{in} \geq 0\}$$

# Decisions in the union parliament



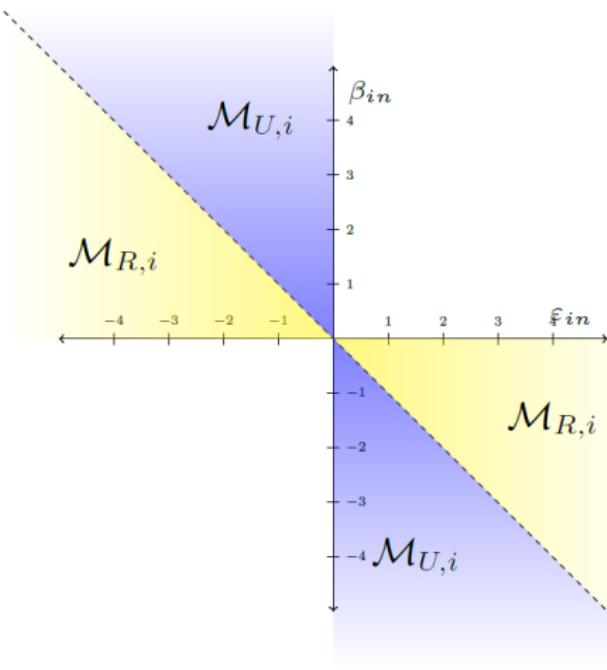
$$\mathcal{U}_i = \{(\beta_{in}, \varepsilon_{in}) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : \varepsilon_{in} \geq 0\}$$

# Disagreement between parliaments



$$D_{RU,i} = \{(\beta_{in}, \varepsilon_{in}) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : \beta_{in} \cdot \varepsilon_{in} < 0\}$$

# Comparing mistakes



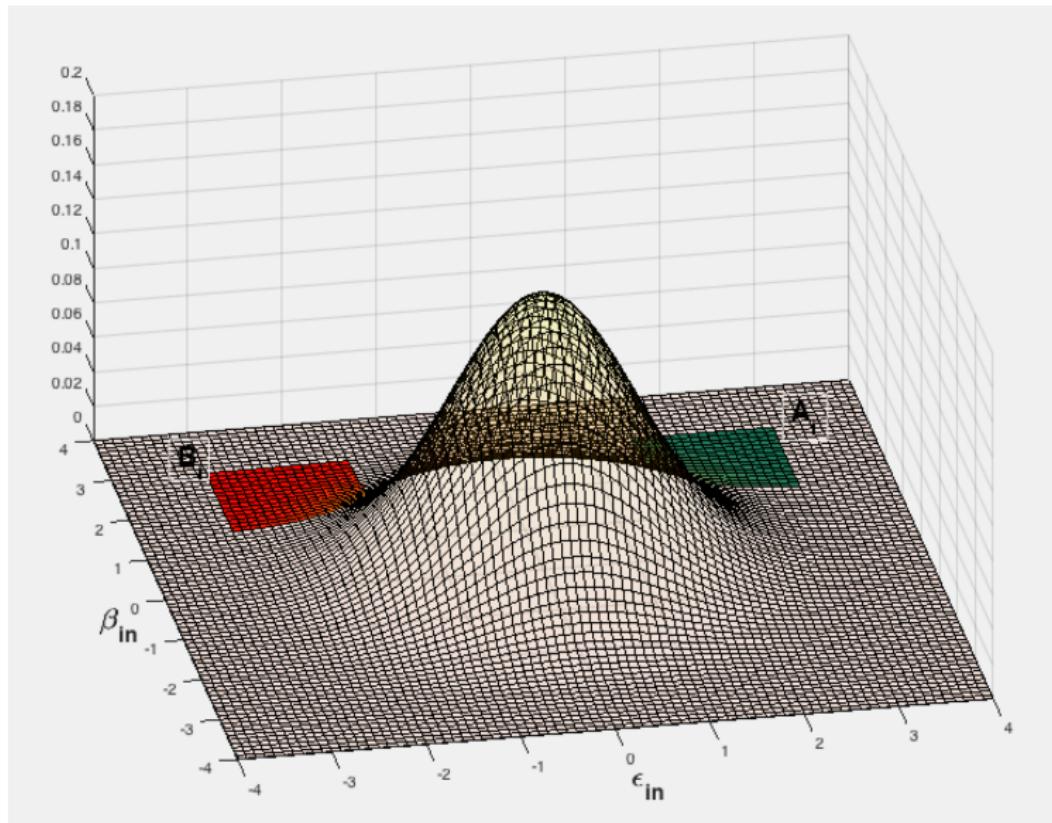
$$\mathcal{M}_{R,i} = \{(\beta_{in}, \varepsilon_{in}) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : |\beta_{in}| < |\varepsilon_{in}| \text{ and } n \in \mathcal{D}_{RU,i}\}$$

$$\mathcal{M}_{U,i} = \{(\beta_{in}, \varepsilon_{in}) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : |\beta_{in}| \geq |\varepsilon_{in}| \text{ and } n \in \mathcal{D}_{RU,i}\}$$

# Fiscal constitutions

- Fiscal constitutions are an incomplete contract:
  - ▶ All projects of a given type  $i$  and region  $n$  are decided in the same way
- Fiscal constitutions assign projects typically between two options:
  - ▶ Projects of type  $i$  for region  $n$  should be decided by the parliament of region  $n$
  - ▶ Projects of type  $i$  for any region should be decided by the union parliament
- Let us search for the fiscal constitution that maximizes surplus
  - ▶ What additional piece of information do we need to do so?

# The distribution of projects



# Example

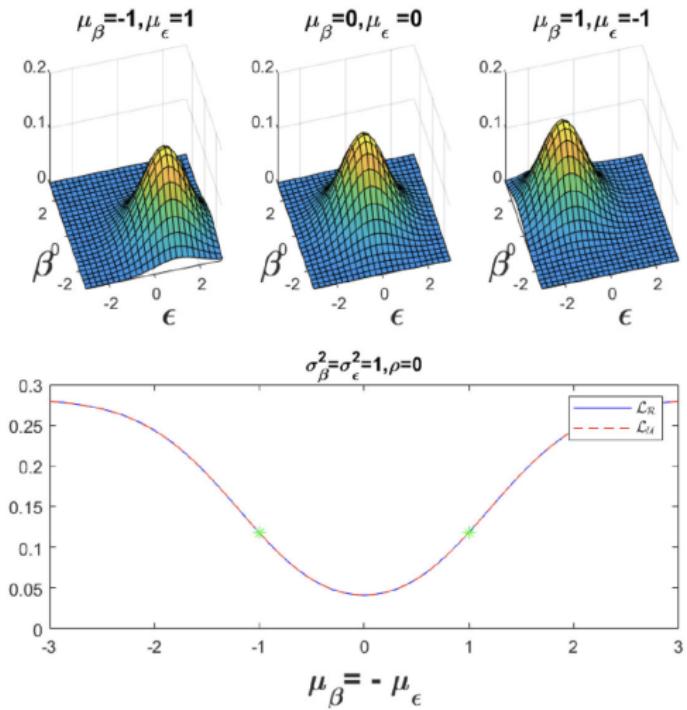


FIGURE 6. Effects of changing  $\mu_\beta$  and  $\mu_\epsilon$  keeping  $\mu_\beta + \mu_\epsilon = 0$ .

# Example

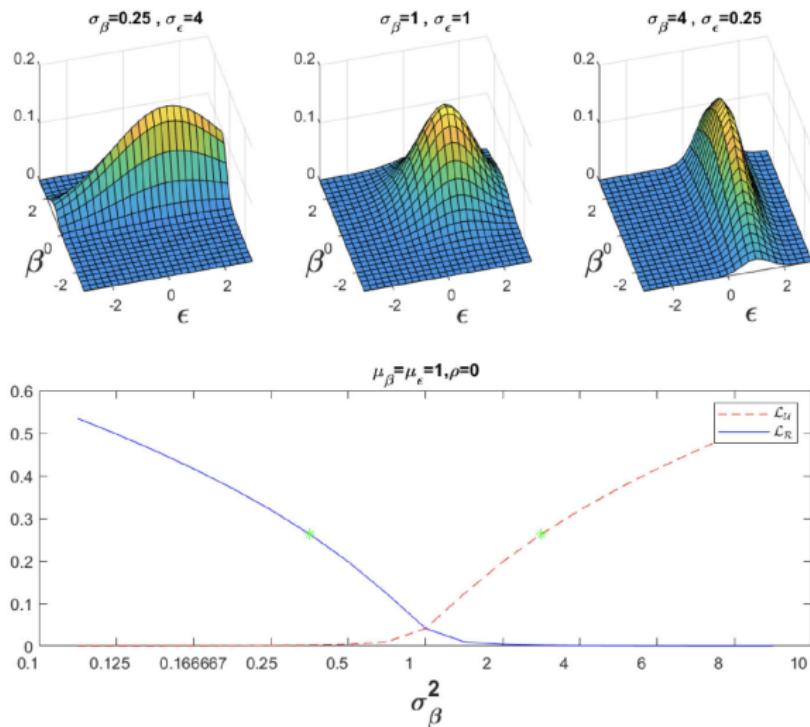


FIGURE 7. Effects of changing  $\sigma_\beta^2$  and  $\sigma_\epsilon^2$  keeping  $\sigma_\beta^2 \sigma_\epsilon^2 = 1$ .

# Example

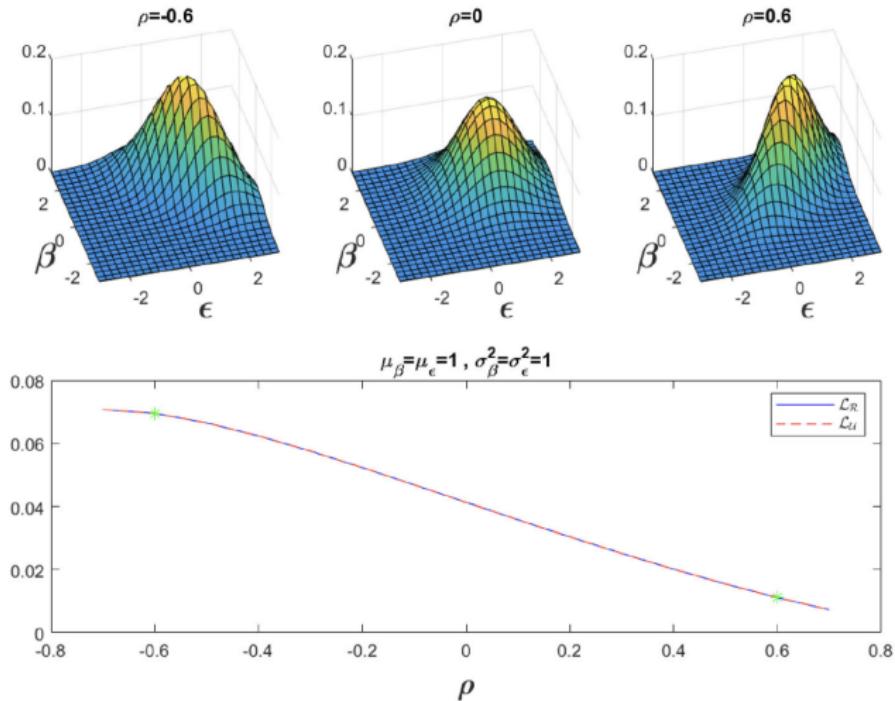


FIGURE 8. Effects of changing  $\rho$ .

# Are there ways to restore efficiency?

- This model shows that parliaments are likely to make errors:
  - ▶ Projects that deserve funding are discarded
  - ▶ Projects that do not deserve funding are funded
- Could regions bypass the union parliament and make Coasian bargains?
  - ▶ regions own the right to decide a project in their territory
  - ▶ regions can sell these rights in exchange for a monetary transfer
  - ▶ regions can solve free-rider problems
- Could legislative bargains make the union parliament a market for policies?
  - ▶ "If you vote for my project, I will vote for yours."
  - ▶ These bargains are not effective and create additional inefficiencies